WAC 173-400-930 Emergency engines. (1) Applicability.

- (a) This section applies statewide except where a permitting authority has not adopted this section in rule.
- (b) This section applies to diesel-fueled compression ignition emergency engines with a cumulative BHP rating greater than 500 BHP and equal to or less than 2000 BHP.
- (c) This section is not applicable to emergency engines proposed to be installed as part of a new major stationary source, as defined in WAC 173-400-710 and 173-400-810, or major modification, as defined in WAC 173-400-710 and 173-400-810.
- (d) In lieu of filing a notice of construction application under WAC 173-400-110, the owner or operator may comply with the requirements of this section for emergency engines.
- (e) Compliance with this section satisfies the requirement for new source review of emergency engines under RCW 70.94.152 and chapter 173-460 WAC.
- (f) An applicant may choose to submit a notice of construction application in accordance with WAC 173-400-110 for a site specific review of criteria and toxic air pollutants in lieu of using this section's provisions.
- (g) If an applicant cannot meet the requirements of this section, then they must file a notice of construction application.
- (2) Operating requirements for emergency engines. Emergency engines using this section must:
- (a) Meet EPA emission standards applicable to all new nonroad compression-ignition engines in 40 C.F.R. 89.112 Table 1 and 40 C.F.R. 1039.102 Tables 6 and 7 (in effect on the date in WAC 173-400-025), as applicable for the year that the emergency engine is put in operation.
- (b) Be fueled by ultra low sulfur diesel or ultra low sulfur biodiesel, with a sulfur content of 15 ppm or 0.0015% sulfur by weight or less.
- (c) Operate a maximum of fifty hours per year for maintenance and testing or other nonemergency use.
 - (3) **Definitions**.
- (a) **Emergency engine** means a new diesel-fueled stationary compression ignition engine. The engine must meet all the criteria specified below. The engine must be:
- (i) Installed for the primary purpose of providing electrical power or mechanical work during an emergency use and is not the source of primary power at the facility; and
- (ii) Operated to provide electrical power or mechanical work during an emergency use.
- (b) **Emergency use** means providing electrical power or mechanical work during any of the following events or conditions:
- (i) The failure or loss of all or part of normal power service to the facility beyond the control of the facility; or
- (ii) The failure or loss of all or part of a facility's internal power distribution system.

Examples of emergency operation include the pumping of water or sewage and the powering of lights.

- (c) Maintenance and testing means operating an emergency engine to:
- (i) Evaluate the ability of the engine or its supported equipment to perform during an emergency; or
 - (ii) Train personnel on emergency activities; or
- (iii) Test an engine that has experienced a breakdown, or failure, or undergone a preventative overhaul during maintenance; or

(iv) Exercise the engine if such operation is recommended by the engine or generator manufacturer.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 70.94.152, 70.94.331, 70.94.860. WSR 16-12-099 (Order 16-01), § 173-400-930, filed 5/31/16, effective 7/1/16. Statutory Authority: Chapter 70.94 RCW. WSR 12-24-027 (Order 11-10), § 173-400-930, filed 11/28/12, effective 12/29/12; WSR 11-06-060 (Order 09-01), § 173-400-930, filed 3/1/11, effective 4/1/11.1